

# Si Tracking Detector

Progress so far and future issues

Nick Ashwood – The University of Birmingham

# Overview

- Simulation development
  - UK contribution
- Initial design
- Progress so far . . .
- Future issues
  - Validate previous experiments and simulations
  - Physics led design
- Discussion

# Simulation Development

- R3BSim developed by the USC and Daresbury
  - Based on Geant4 + ROOT
    - 2 geometries of calorimeter
    - 2 geometries of tracker
    - ALADIN, LAND, ToF Wall, etc
  - Compatible with (p,2p) event generator
  - Analysis code exists
- R3BROOT developed at GSI
  - Based on ROOT + Geant3/4 + FLUKA
    - 2 geometries of calorimeter
    - 1 geometry of tracker
    - ALADIN, LAND, ToF Wall, etc
  - Not yet compatible with (p,2p) event generator
  - No analysis code

# Si Tracker UK Contribution

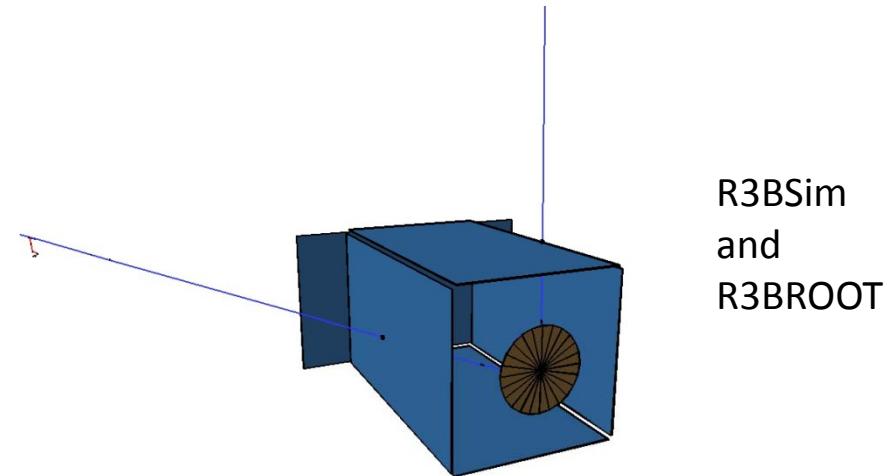
- To take responsibility for the simulations of the Si tracking detector.
- Implement realistic physics event generators for simulations
  - e.g. ( $p,2p$ ) Leonid Chulkov
- Finalise design for the detector
  - 2 or 3 layers?
  - Granularity?
- Develop analysis code for both simulations and data analysis for Si tracker
- Validate simulations from  $^{17}\text{Ne}/^{12}\text{C}(p,2p)$  work
  - Expt S296

# Initial Design

- Main requirements are for high resolution for momentum and energy.
  - Good intrinsic energy resolution  $\sim 50$  keV
  - High position resolution
- At least 2 layers are required to track particle.
  - Also gives  $E-\Delta E$  particle identification
- Large angular coverage able to cope with multi-physics requirements.
  - Do we require detectors close to zero degrees?

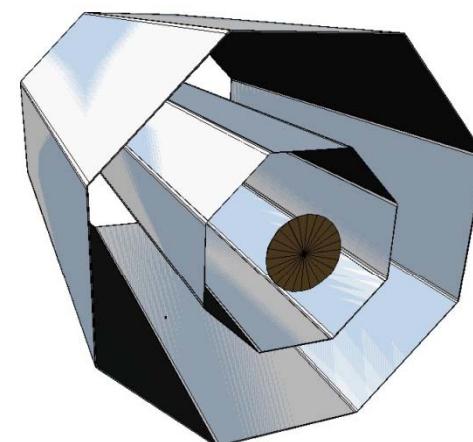
# Si tracker:

- Cubic configuration  
 $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},2\text{p})$  experiment



R3BSim  
and  
R3BROOT

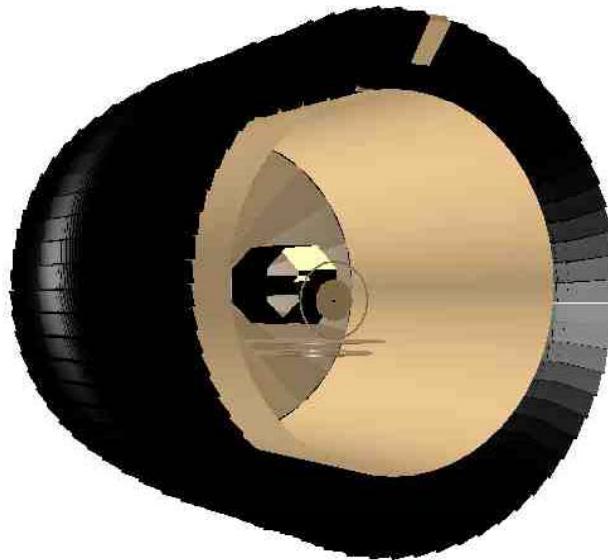
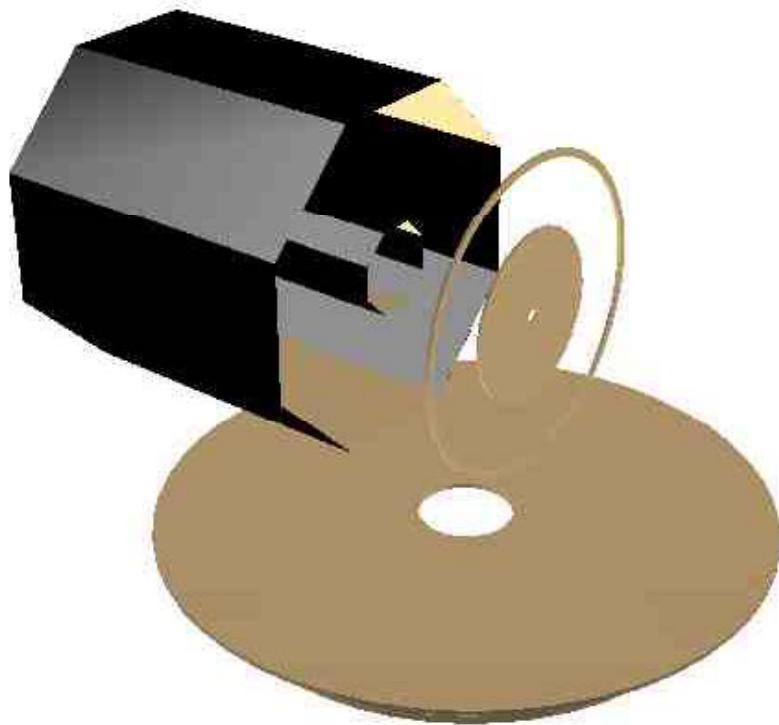
- Double layer  
of DSSSD



R3BSim  
only

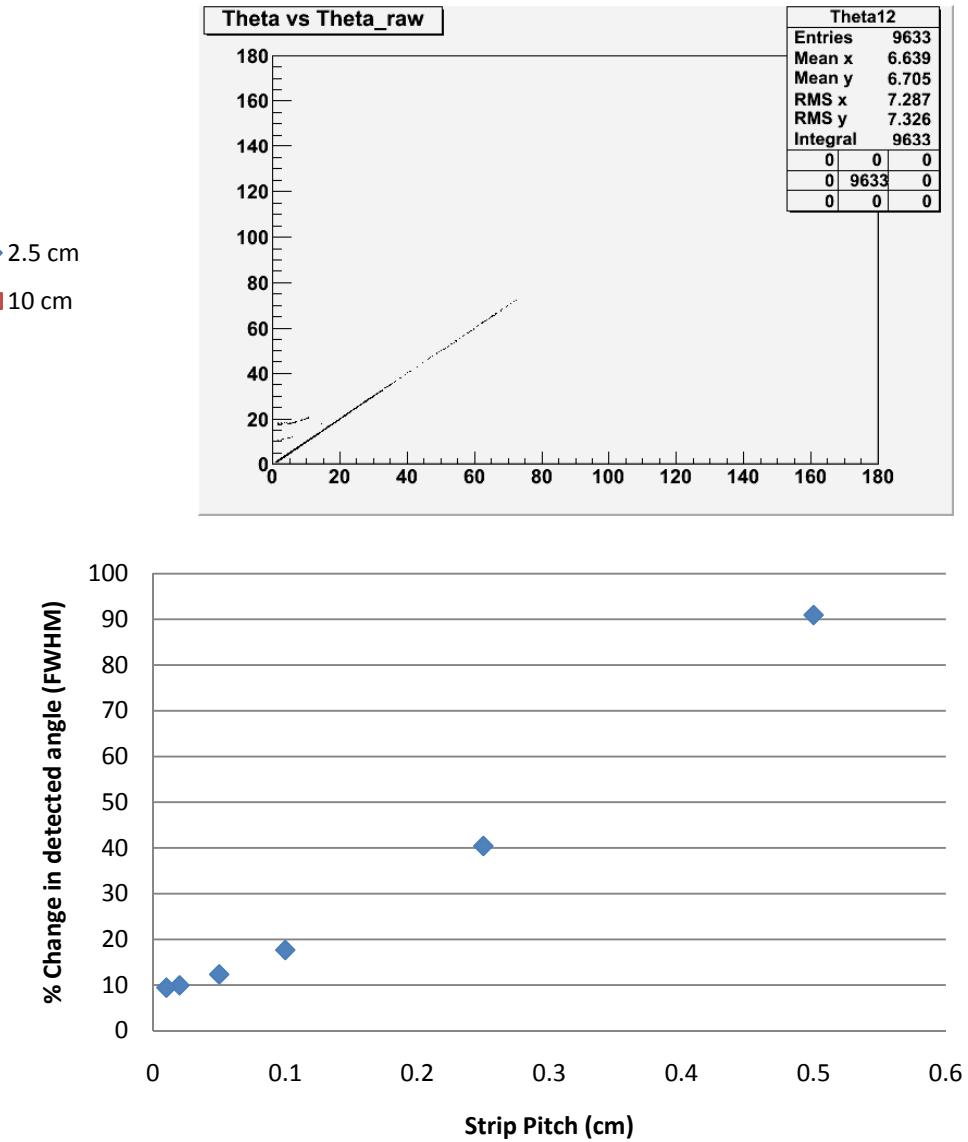
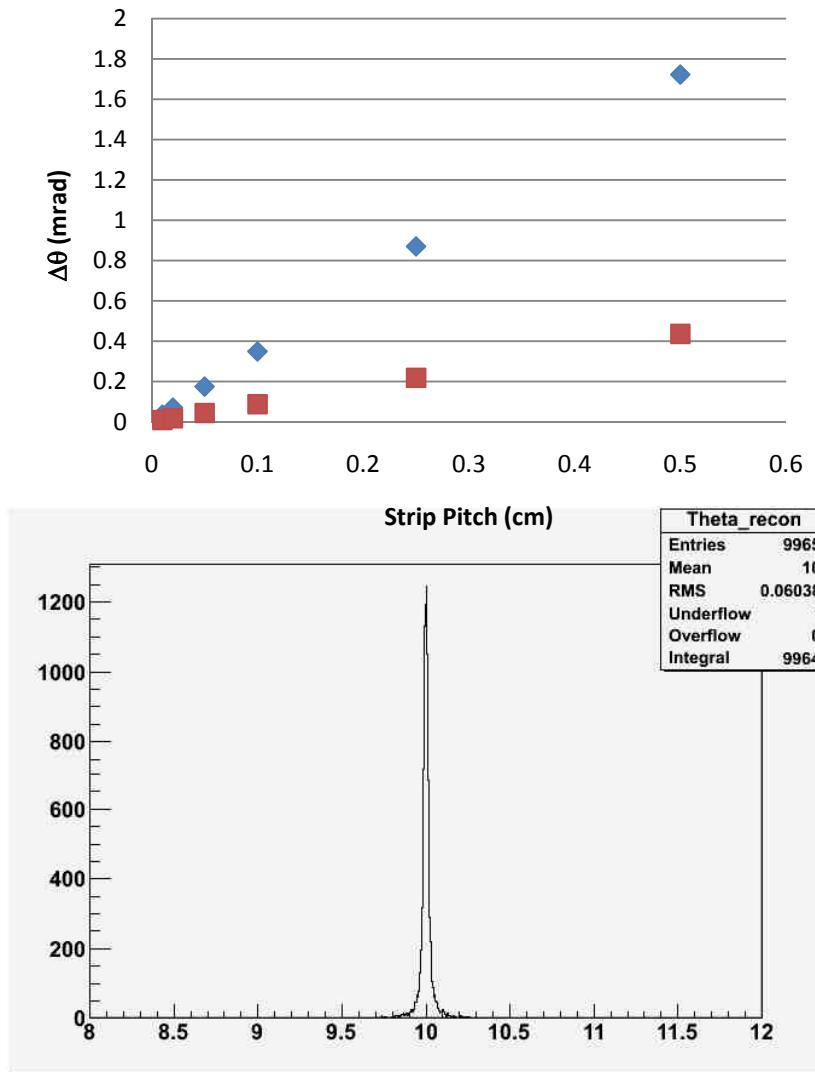
# Progress so far . . .

- First layer 2.5cm from beam axis
  - 100  $\mu\text{m}$  thick
  - 2 x 10 cm
- Second layer 10 cm from beam axis
  - 300  $\mu\text{m}$  thick
  - 5 x 10 cm

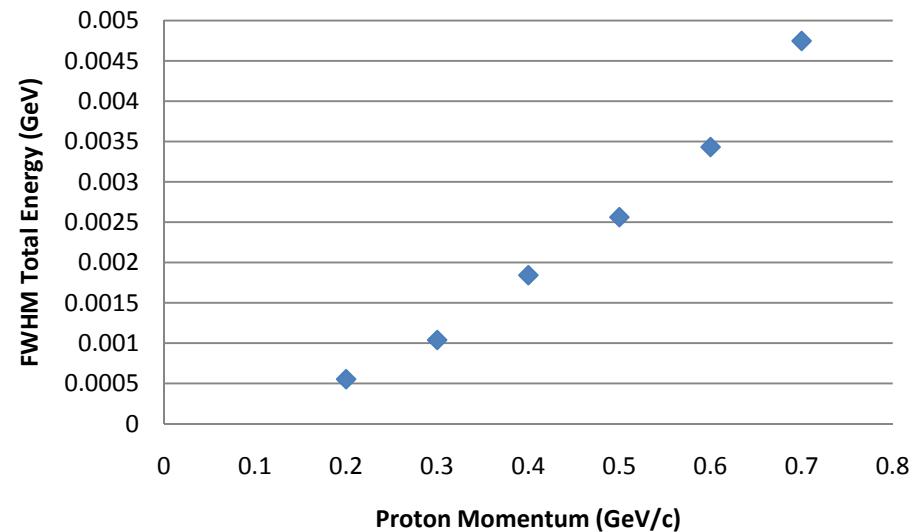
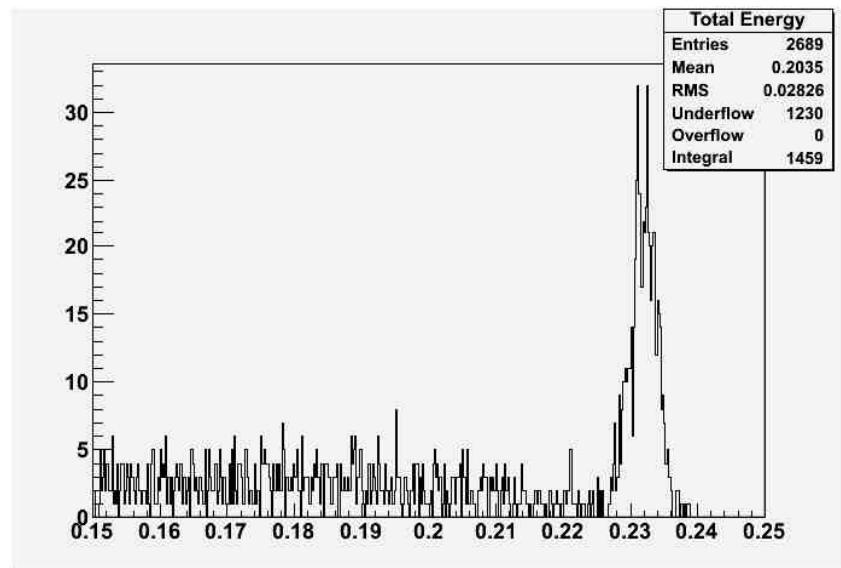
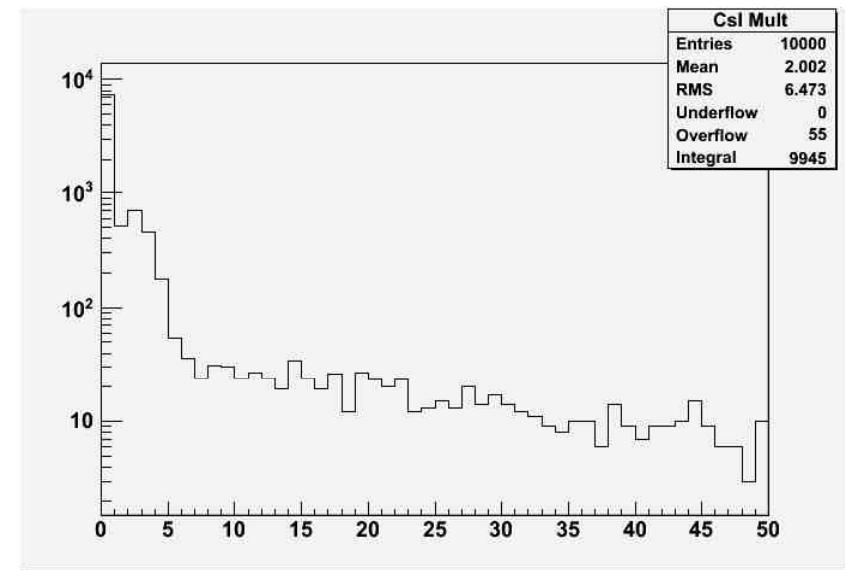
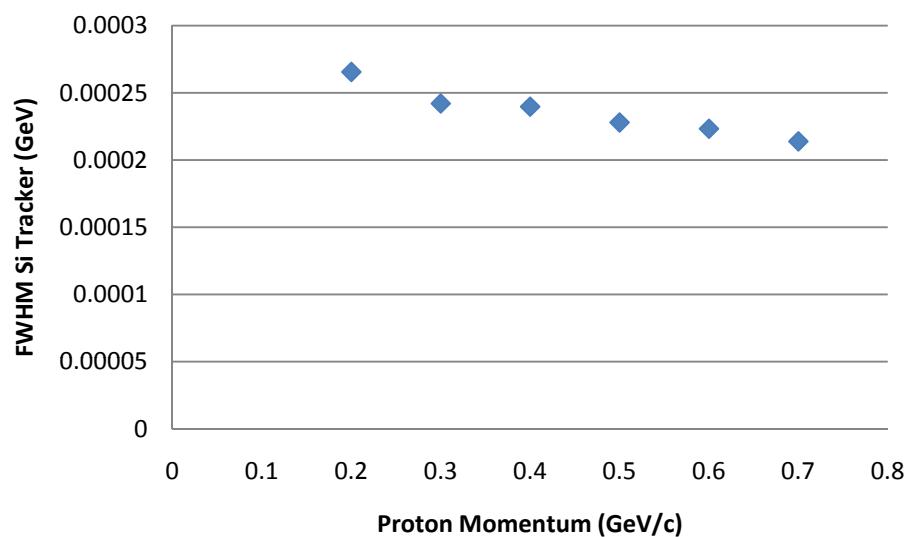


- Analysis code progressing
  - Multiple hits and particles
- (p,2p) event generator now compatible with R3BROOT
- CALIFA combined with tracker
  - Total energies and angles can be found

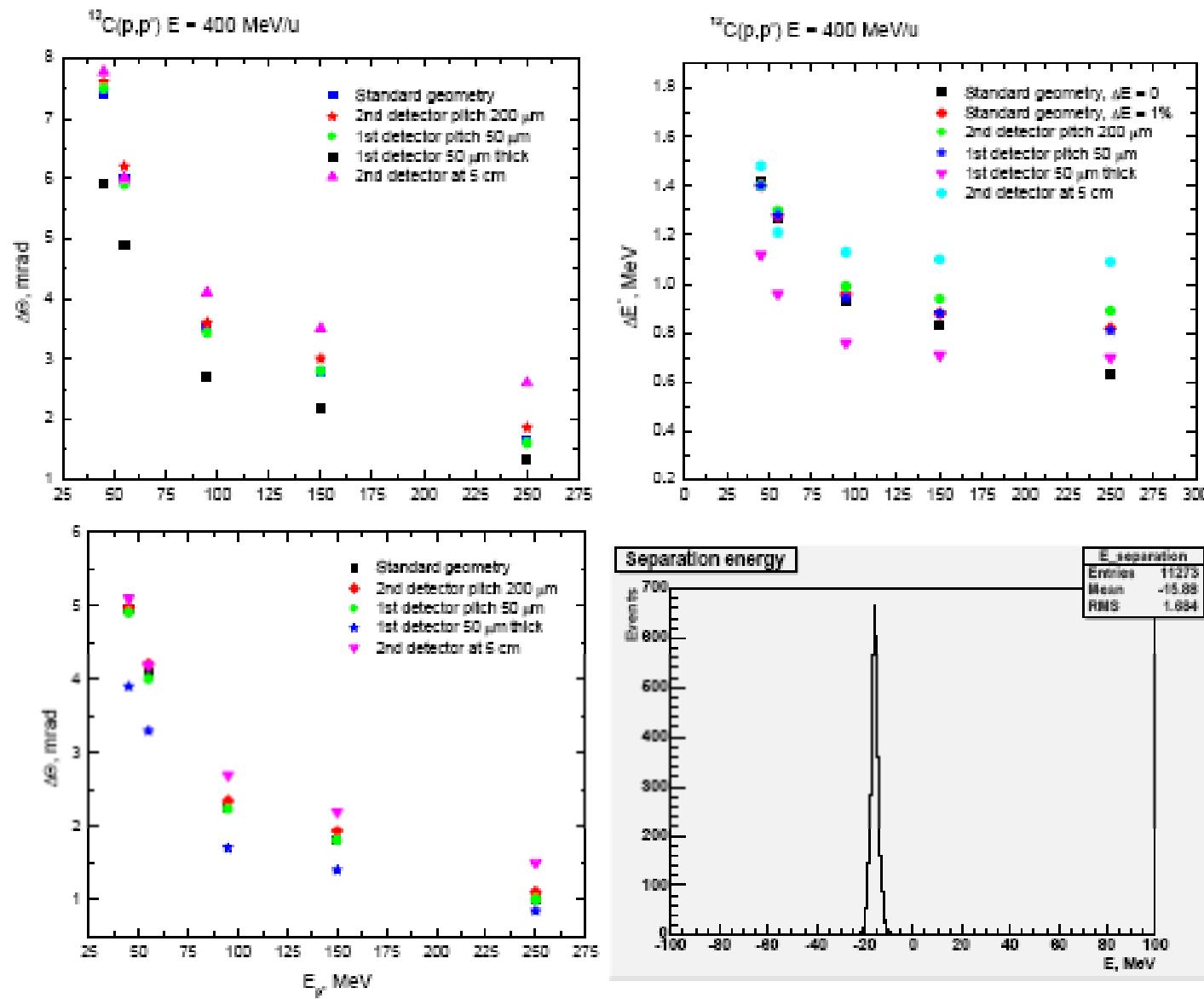
# Angular Resolution



# Energy Resolution

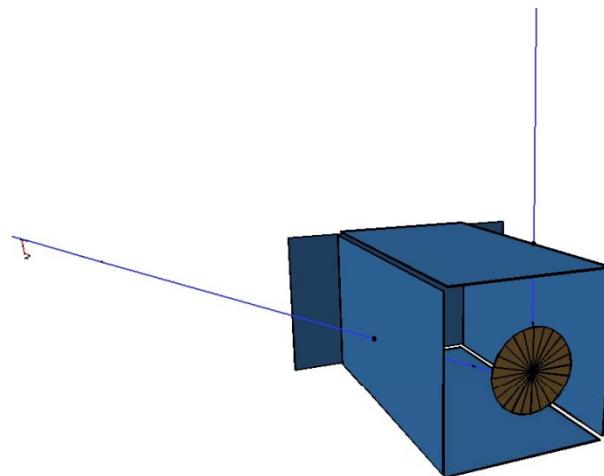
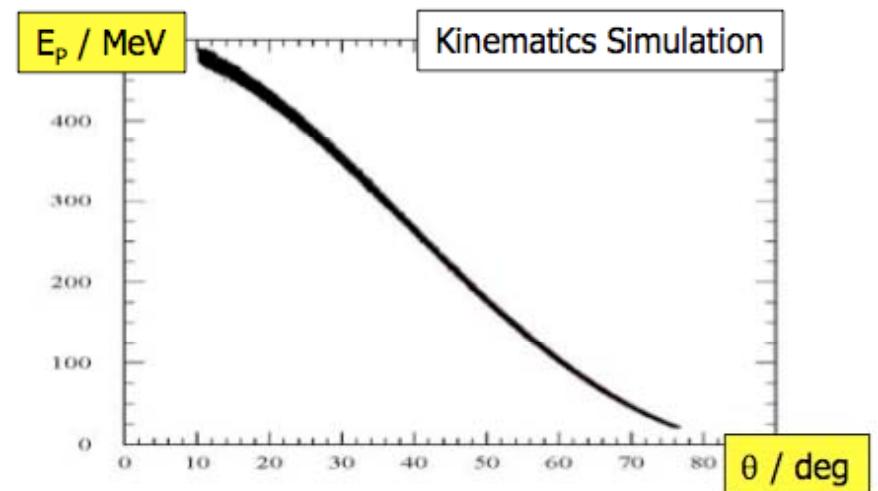
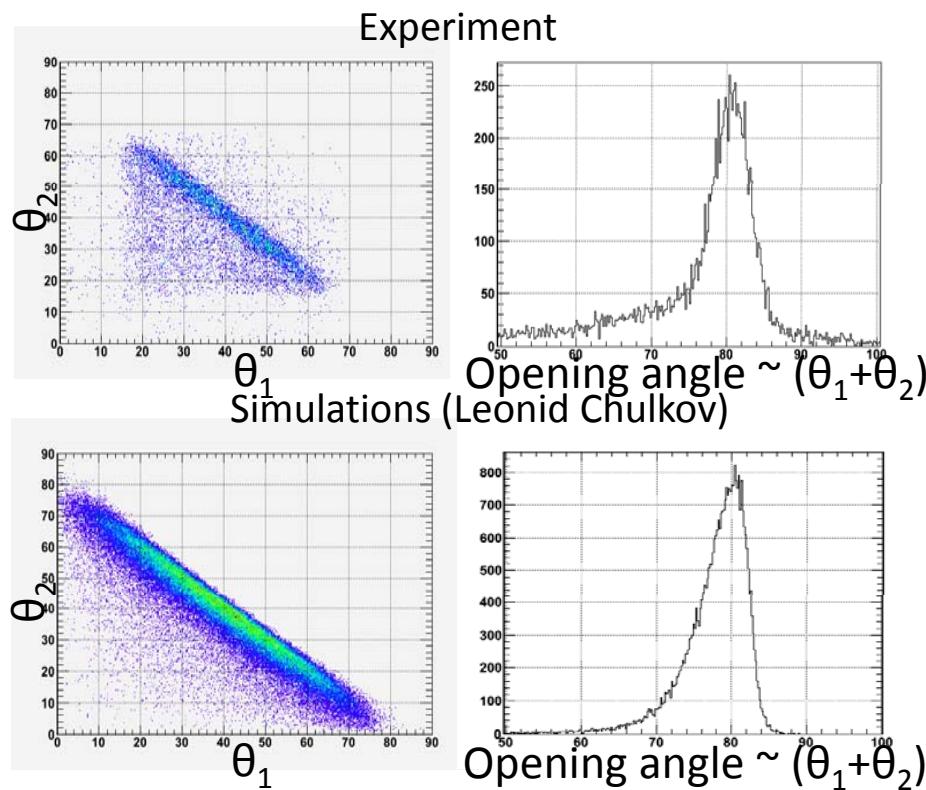


# Future Work



# Future Work

- Validate S296 experiment –  $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},2\text{p})$  and  $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{p}\alpha)$



# Future Issues

- Physics driven design:
  - ( $p, 2p$ ), ( $p, pn$ ), ( $p, p\alpha$ ) QFS:
    - Study single particle scattering
    - E- $\Delta E$  technique
      - $S_{\mu\mu}$
  - F1

Need input from the  
collaboration and physics  
event generators!  
...g.  $^{70}\text{Kr} \rightarrow ^{69}\text{Br} + p$

target not funded by STFC however Saclay keen to get involved

# Discussion

- What type of physics does the collaboration envisage using the Si tracking detector for.
  - What is the minimum energy and angular resolution?
  - What angular coverage is needed.
- We need theoretical input.
  - Reaction calculations
  - Easy to use event generators